## MADHYA PRADESH JUDICIAL SERVICE

## **Preliminary Exam 2015**

- 1. The appropriate writ issued by the Court to quash the appointment of a person to a public office is that of
- (a) Prohibition
- (b) Quo Warranto
- (c) Certiorari
- (d) Mandamus
- 2. Where a law is made by a state legislature on the subject enumerated in the concurrent list, with assent of the President, repugnant to the earlier made by parliament, then the law so made by the state-
- (a) Shall prevail in the state law
- (b) Shall not prevail in the state
- (c) Shall prevail with the permission of Supreme Court
- (d) Shall prevail with the permission of High Court
- 3. According to the Consitution of India the term

### "District Judge" shall not include-

- (a) Cheif Presidency Magistrate
- (b) Session Judge
- (c) Chief Judicial Magistrate
- (d) Chief Judge of a Small Cause Court
- 4. Which right is a constitutional right but not a fundamental right?
- (a) Right to life and personal liberty
- (b) Right to move freely throughtout the territory of India
- (c) Right to form associations
- (d) Right to hold property
- 5. Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment
- (a) Is available to all citizens of India
- (b) Is available to all residents of India
- (c) is available to persons of Indian origin irrespective to their citizenship
- (d) is not provided in the Constitution to anyone fulge
- 6. According to C.P.C., in connection with a suit by an indigent person, the suit is deemed to be instituted on the date

- (a) When the application for leave to sue as a pauper is made
- (b) When such application is admitted
- (c) When such application is rejected
- (d) When the issues are framed
- 7. Whether the pendency of a suit in a foreign court will preclude the courts in India from trying a suit founded on the same cause of action?
- (a) Yes
- (b) No
- (c) It will depend on the nature of the suit
- (d) Finding will be based on valuation of the suit.
- 8. The provisions of Res judicata also apply to the execution proceedings of a decree:
- (a) Yes
- (b) No
- (c) Only applies to the suit
- (d) Not apply if objection raised by Judge
- 9. In the case of a public nuiance, a suit for declaration and injunction may be instituted by:
- (a) Two persons, with the leave of the Court
- (b) Two persons, having obtained oral consent of the Advocate general
- (c) Two persons, having obtained the written consent of the Advocate General
- (d) Two persons, without the leave of the Court
- 10. Where the appellant has withdrawn the appeal preferred against a decree passed exparte, the application under Order 9 Rule 13 of C.P.C., shall be:
- (a) Rejected
- (b) Returned
- (c) Maintainable
- (d) Referred for opinion to the Appellate Court
- 11. Whether a minor on attaining majority may, if a sole plaintiff, apply that a suit instituted in his name by next friend be dismissed on the ground that it was unreasonable or improper?

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- (a) No
- (b) With the consent of next friend
- (c) Yes

- (d) Joint applications will lie with next friend.
- 12. Where the decree is for the partition of an undivided estate assessed to the payment of revenue to the government, the partition of the estate, in accordance with the law for the time being in force, shall be made by-
- (a) The Patwari
- (b) The Nazir
- (c) The Collector
- (d) The Commissioner appointed by the court
- 13. No order for detention of the judgment debtor in civil prison in execution of a decree for the payment of money shall be made where the total amount of the decree does not exceed.
- (a) Five hundred rupees
- (b) One hundred rupees
- (c) Two thousand rupees
- (d) Five thousand rupees
- 14. Pleading means:
- (a) Plaint or rejoinder
- (b) Plaint or written statement
- (c) Plaint or written statement of rejoinder
- (d) Plaint alone
- 15. Order rejecting plaint under Order 7 Rule 11 of C.P.C.-
- (a) Is a decree
- (b) Is an order
- (c) Is a deemed decree
- (d) Is an interim order
- 16. Provision of Section 53 A of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 the rights of a transferee for consideration, shall not be affected-
- (a) Who is a gratuitous transferee
- (b) Who has notice of the contract
- (c) Who has no notice of the contract
- (d) Whether he has notice of the contract or no notice of the contract
- 17. A lets a farm to B on condition that he shall walk hundred miles in an hour-
- (a) The lease is void
- (b) Lease can be executed if B walks 100 miles in an hour

- (c) Lease can be executed
- (d) Conditional Transfer can be made
- 18. If the tenancy of an immovable property is monthly, then in order to terminate the lease of it, a notice of which period shall be given-
- (a) One month
- (b) Two months
- (c) Six months
- (d) Fifteen days
- 19. Section 9 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 provides that-
- (a) Transfer can only be done through a transfer deed
- (b) Transfer can be oral/without writing also
- (c) Transfer can only be done through registered deed
- (d) Transfer can be done only by writing
- 20. Under Transfer of Property Act, if the donor dies before acceptance of the gift by donee?
- (a) The gift is valid
- (b) The gift is void
- (c) The gift is voidable
- (d) None of these
- 21. Under Indian Contract Act, an agreement which is enforceble by law at the option of one or more of the parties thereto, but not at the option of the other or other, is –
- (a) An illegal agreement
- (b) A void agreement
- (c) A valid agreement
- (d) A voidable contact
- 22. If the time of performance of the other or other, is voidable contract, is the essence of the contract and the promisor fails to perform the contract by the specified time
- (a) The contract becomes unenforceble
- (b) The contract becomes unenforceble
- (c) The contract remains valid and enforceble
- (d) The contract becomes voidable at the option of promisee
- 23. Under Indian Contract Act. An agreement to remain unmarried is.

- (a) Valid
- (b) Voidable
- (c) Void
- (d) Unenforceable

## 24. 'A' hires a carriage of 'B'. The carriage is unsafe though 'B' is not aware of it, and A is injured.

- (a) 'B' is not responsible to 'A' for the injury
- (b) 'B' is responsible to 'A' for the injury
- (c) Both are contributory negligent
- (d) 'A' himself is responsible

## 25. A proposal when accepted becomes -

- (a) Promise
- (b) Agreement
- (c) Contract
- (d) Acceptance

# 26. Under the Specific Relief Act, a suit for recovery of possession can be filled

- (a) Only in respect of movable property
- (b) Only in respect of immovable property
- (c) In respect of both movable and immovable property
- (d) Neither movable nor immovable property

## 27. Under Section-6 Specific Relief Act suit by person dispossessed of immovale property shall not be brought

- (a) After the expiry of one year from the date of dispossession
- (b) After the expiry of six months from the date of dispossession
- (c) After the expiry of three months from the date of dispossession
- (d) After the expiry of six weeks from the date of dispossession

## 28. An injunction granted during the pendency of a suit, under section 37 Specific Relief Act 1963 is known as a

- (a) Permanent Injunction
- (b) Mandatory Injunction
  (c) Temporary Injunction

  (b) Mandatory Injunction

  (c) Temporary Injunction
- (d) Perpetual Injunction

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29. An order or decree under Section 6 of the Specific Relief Act, is -	
(a) Appealable	
(b) Reviewable	
(c) Neither appealable nor reviewable	

- (d) Both appealable and reviewable
- 30. Under Limitation Act, the period of limitation for a suit by a landlord to recover possession from a tenant after determination of tenancy is -
- (a) 30 Years
- (b) 2 Years
- (c) 3 Years
- (d) 12 Years
- 31. Any suit for which no period of limitation is provided elsewhere in the schedule of the Act, the limitation would be-
- (a) One year
- (b) Three years
- (c) Three months
- (d) Twelve years
- 32. Under Limitation Act. period of limitation for setting aside an ex-parte decree is
- (a) 1 month
- (b) 30 days
- (c) 60 days
- (d) 90 days
- 33. Under M.P. Accommodation Control Act, essential supply enjoyed by a tenant in respect of the accommodation let to him is cut off the land lord. Who will make an order to restore such supply?
- (a) Colletor
- (b) Civil Court
- (c) Rent Controlling Authority
- (d) Municipal Corporation or municipa-lity as the case may be.
- 34. Under M.P.Accmmodation Control Act. an Appeal shall lie against the order passed by Rent Controlling Aughority to the
- (a) High court

- (b) District Judge
- (c) Collector
- (d) State Government
- 35. Under M.P. Accommodation Control Act, the landlord gets entitled to get the house vacated from the teant if he did not use it continuously for.
- (a) 12 Months
- (b) 3 Months
- (c) 6 Months
- (d) 9 Months
- 36. Where a landlord has acquired any accommodation by transfer, he cannot bring a suit for eviction on the ground specified in clause (e) or (f) sub-section (1) of Section 12 of M.P. Accommodation Control Act until
- (a) One year has not elapsed
- (b) Six months has not elapsed
- (c) Three months has not elapsed
- (d) Two months has not elapsed
- 37. The provisions of Chapter 2 of M.P Accommodation Control Act, 1961 will not be applicable to a newly constructed house for a period of
- (a) Five Years
- (b) Seven Years
- (c) Three Years
- (d) One Years
- 38. Where a dispute arises between State Government & a person with regard to the subject mentioned in Sec 57 of MP Land Revenue Code, from the date 30-12-2011, it shall be decided by
- (a) State Government
- (b) Tahsildar
- (c) Sub Divisional Officer
- (d) Collector
- 39. Under M.P. Land Revenue Code, who will decide the disputes relating to demarcation and maintenance of boundary lines?
- (b) Sub-Divisional Officer Student to Lawyer to Julye
- (c) Collector

- (d) Commissioner
- 40. Under M.P. Land Revenue Code, a Bhumiswami can not lease any land comprised in his holding for more than one year-
- (a) During any consecutive period of Five years
- (b) During any consecutive period of Three years
- (c) During any consecutive period of Two years
- (d) During any consecutive period of Four years
- 41. Under M.P. Land Revenue Code, wajib ul-arz of a village is maintained by
- (a) Tahsildar
- (b) Kotwar
- (c) Sub Divisional Officer
- (d) Patwari
- 42. Under Section 11 of MPLRC, 1959 who is not Revenue Officer?
- (a) Settlement Officer
- (b) Revenue Inspector
- (c) Asstt. Suptd. Land Records
- (d) Naib Tahsildar
- 43. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 the provision of relevancy of oral admission as to contents of electronic records is provided under-
- (a) Section 22 of Indian Evidence Act
- (b) Section 22A of Indian Evidence Act
- (c) Section 23 of Indian Evidence Act
- (d) Section 23A of Indian Evidence Act
- 44. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 which one of the following is not essential condition for admissibility of dying declaration?
- (a) The statement as to any of the circumstances of the transaction which resulted in his death
- (b) Person making statement must be under expectation of death at the time of making such statement
- (c) Death of the person making dying declaration is must
- (d) The statement must be as to the cause of his death

#### 45. Section 159 of Evidence Act provides for-

(a) The credit of a witness may be impeached

Judge

- (b) Court's power to disallow indecent or scandlous question
- (c) Witness can refresh his memory
- (d) To put any question which might be put in cross-examination by party to his own witness
- 46. A is tried for the murder of B by poison. The fact that before the death of B.A procured poison similar to that which was administered to B, is:
- (a) Not relevant
- (b) Relevant
- (c) Partly relevant
- (d) Neither relevant nor irrelevant
- 47. Exception to admissibility of Hearsay evidence is-
- (a) Section 62 Evidence Act
- (b) Section 32 Evidence Act
- (c) Section 21 Evidence Act
- (d) Section 72 Evidence Act
- 48. Under Section 27 of the Evidence Act the 'Fact discovered' means....
- (a) The object produced only
- (b) The place from where the object is produced only
- (c) The knowledge of the accused as to the object and the place
- (d) None of these
- 49. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 "Motive becomes more relevant in a case based on
- (a) Direct evidence
- (b) Circumstantial evidence
- (c) Documentary evidence
- (d) Without any evidence
- 50. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 evidence of "Hostile witness" -
- (a) Cannot be taken into consideration on any purpose
- (b) If cannot be relied on by the prosecution
- (c) If can be relied only by the defence
- (d) It can be relied on by the prosecution as well as the defence
- 51. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872, the Rule of "Res gestae" is applicable in -
- (a) Civil cases only

- (b) Criminal cases only
- (c) Civil as well as Criminal cases
- (d) Not applicable in any case
- 52. In prosecution for an offence under section 376 of IPC, where the question of consent is an issue, it shall be permissible to adduce evidence or to put questions in the cross-examination of the victim as to the general immoral character, or previous sexual experience. of such victim with any person for proving such consent or the quality of consent is provided in which Section of Indian Evidence Act-
- (a) 145
- (b) 146
- (c) 147
- (d) 148
- 53. "A" puts his hand in the pocket of "B" for stealing money but he found nothing in B's pocket as it was empty. "A" has committed offence of
- (a) Mischief
- (b) Attempt of commit theft
- (c) Theft
- (d) No offence
- 54. Under Indian Penal Code, 1860, which ingredient is not necessary to constitute an offence of abetment
- (a) Conspiracy
- (b) Intentional aid
- (c) Instigation
- (d) Act abetted should be committed
- 55. Two persons, A & B fight with each other. A was having a blade with which 'A' inflicts injury on the face of 'B leaving a permanent scar on the face of B. A is guilty of offence of causing –
- (a) Grievous hurt by sharp cutting object
- (b) Grievous hurt by rash or negligent act
- (c) Simple hurt by sharp cutting object
- (d) Simple hurt by rash or negligent act
- 56. In which of the section of the Indian Penal Code 'Stalking of a woman by any man is punishable?
- (a) 354-A

- (b) 354-B
- (c) 354-D
- (d) 354-C
- 57. X finds a Government promissory note belonging to 'C' bearing a blank endorsement. 'X' knowing that the note belongs to 'C' pledged it with a banker as a security for loan. intending to restore it to 'C' within a week. 'X'
- (a) Is not guilty of any offence
- (b) Is guilty of criminal breach of trust
- (c) Is guilty of cheating
- (d) Is guilty of criminal misappropriation
- 58. A finds the key to Y's house door, which 'Y' had lost and commits house trespass by entering Y's house having opened the door with that key. What offence has 'A' committed?
- (a) Lurking house trespass
- (b) Criminal misappropriation
- (c) Attempt to commit theft
- (d) House breaking
- 59. A prepares a mark sheet with an intention to get a job thereby he committed the offence of -
- (a) Mischief
- (b) Cheating
- (c) Forgery
- (d) Misrepresentation
- 60. Nothing is an offence which is done by a child who is
- (a) Under 9 years of age
- (b) Under 7 years of age
- (c) Under 12 years of age
- (d) Under 16 years of age
- 61. Under Indian Penal Code, 1860, what must be the age of a minor with regard to the offence of kidnapping from lawful?
- (a) Under sixteen years of age if male or under eighteen years of age if female
- (b) Under eighteen years of age male or under twenty one years of age if female
- (c) Under twenty years of age if male or under twenty one years of age if female
- (d) Under eighteen years of age if male or under sixteen years of age if female

- 62. Under Indian Penal Code, 1860, if the offence is punishable with fine only an accused has been awarded with fifty rupees fine the period of imprisonment in default shall -
- (a) Not exceeding one month
- (b) Not exceeding two month
- (c) Not exceeding three month
- (d) Not exceeding four month
- 63. Under Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, if a person is arrested by Police Officer without warrant whether such person. has been admitted to bail or otherwise the officer in-charge of the police station shall report to-
- (a) The District Magistrate only
- (b) The Sub-divisional Magistrate only
- (c) The District Magistrate or if he so directs, to the Sub-divisional Magistrate
- (d) The Judicial Magistrate having Jurisdiction
- 64. Under Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, no court shall take cognizance of an offence punishable with fine only, after the expiry of a period of-
- (a) Six months
- (b) Twelve months
- (c) Thirty six months.
- (d) No limitation
- 65. Who can not tender pardon to an accomplice under Section 306 of the Code of Criminal Procedure-
- (a) Chief Judicial Magistrate
- (b) Metropolitan Magistrate
- (c) The Judicial Magistrate First Class inquiring into or trying the offence
- (d) Executive Magistrate
- 66. When can a trial court release an accused on bail under section 389(3) Cr. P.C. after conviction?
- (a) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 3 years
- (b) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 5 years
- (c) Where accused is on bail and imprisonment is not exceeding 7 years
- (d) Where offence is exclusively bailable whether accused is on bail or not
- 67. Under Criminal Procedure Code. 1973, "Summons Case" means a case relating to an offence-
- (a) Imprisonment for a term exceeding two years

- (b) Punishable with death
- (c) Imprisonment for life
- (d) Imprisonment which may extend two years
- 68. An application filed under section 257 of Criminal Procedure Code is allowed so the accused will be-
- (a) Released
- (b) Discharged
- (c) Covicted
- (d) Acquitted
- 69. On completion of investigation, the officer incharge of a police station shall forward the police report under Section 173 (2) Cr.P.C., to
- (a) Sessions Court
- (b) Chief Judicial Magistrate
- (c) Any Judicial Magistrate
- (d) Magistrate empowered to take cognizance of the offence
- 70. Under Section 125 Cr.P.C. a Magistrate of the First Class can order a person to make a monthly allowance for the maintenance of his-
- (a) Married daughter who has attained majority
- (b) Brother
- (c) Sister
- (d) Father
- 71. Under Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, what is effect of trial conducted in wrong place?
- (a) Vitiate itself
- (b) Vitiate if caused failure of justice
- (c) Seriousness has to be seen
- (d) Is to be referred to Session Judge
- 72. Under Criminal Procedure Code, 1973, whether an accused may be a competent witness in his own defence?
- (a) On his own request in writing
- (b) On mere oral request
- (c) With the leave of Court of Session to Lawyer to Judge
- (d) With the leave of CJM only

# 73. In order to rebut the presumption under section 138 & 118 of N.1. Act accused-

- (a) Must prove the absence of consideration by direct evidence
- (b) Must prove absence of consideration beyone reasonable doubt
- (c) Must give some evidence in defence
- (d) May rebut the presumption on the principle of preponderance of probability
- 74. Under Negotiable Instrument Act 1881. an instrument in writing containing an unconditional under taking, signed by the maker, to pay a certain sum of money only to, or to the order of, a certain person, or to bearer of the instrument is a....
- (a) Promissory Note
- (b) Bill of Exchange
- (c) Currency Note
- (d) Truncated cheque
- 75. Under Section 143 of the N.1. Act- 1881 the trial shall be made to conclude after filing of complaint within.... period?
- (a) 2 Months
- (b) 4 Months
- (c) 6 Months
- (d) 8 Months
- 76. "My Own Boswell" is the Autobiography of
- (a) Justice M. Hidayatullah
- (b) Justice Fathima Beevi
- (c) Justice J.S. Verma
- (d) Justice A.M. Ahmadi
- 77. Who was the first Indian to receive a Nobel Prize?
- (a) C.V. Raman
- (b) Hargobind Khurana
- (c) Mother Teresa
- (d) Rabindranath Tagore
- 78. In first battle of Panipat, Babar defeated which Lodhi ruler to establish Mughals Dynasty in India? that to favour to Judge
- (a) Ibrahim Lodi
- (b) Bahlul Lodi

- (c) Daulat Lodi
- (d) Sikandar Lodi

## 79. Which Movement was launched along with the Khilafat Movement?

- (a) Sadeshi movement
- (b) Home rule movement
- (c) Civil Disobediency movement
- (d) Non-cooperation movement

### 80. Who is the first Prime minister of INDIA to address The British Parliament?

- (a) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (b) Indira Gandhi
- (c) Dr. Manmoan Singh
- (d) Narendra Modi

# 81. Microsoft has selected which city for its pilot projects in Digital India Initiative?

- (a) Allahabad
- (b) Kolkata
- (c) Bengaluru
- (d) Varanasi

## 82. Who is also known as Chanakya?

- (a) Rajasekhara
- (b) Vishnugupta
- (c) Vishakhadatta
- (d) Bhattasvamin

#### 83. Who amongst the following is starting the 'Project Loon' in India?

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- (a) Microsoft
- (b) Amazon
- (c) Google
- (d) Facebook

#### 84. National legal literacy day is celebrated on-

(a) on 7th November

(b) on 9th November

(c) on 14th November

(d) on 16th November

### 85. How many states are in India?

- (a) 24
- (b) 26
- (c) 28
- (d) 29

## 86. Tapti river is originated from -

- (a) Kakri bardi
- (b) Multai
- (c) Amarkantak
- (d) Kamoor pahadi

## 87. Who built the Sanchi Stupa?

- (a) Chandra Gupt
- (b) Kautilya
- (c) Gautam Buddha
- (d) Ashoka

## 88. Where is the Samadhi of Maharani Laxmibai situated?

- (a) Shivpuri
- (b) Mandu
- (c) Jabalpur
- (d) Gwalior

## 89. Which site is not included in World Heritage List?

- (a) Temples of Khajuraho
- (b) Sanchi Stup
- (c) Bhimbetka Caves
- (d) Marble Rocks, Jabalpur

#### 90. In which district of M.P. Birth Place of Chandra Shekhar Azad is situated?

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- (a) Alirajpur
- (b) Jhabua
- (c) Dhar
- (d) Badwani

## 91. Portrait and Landscape are-

( ) D	
(a) Page Layout	
(b) Page Orientation	
(c) Page Edit	
(d) Page Size	
92. Binary language consists of	•
(a) 2 Digits	
(b) 3 Digits	
(c) 4 Digits	
(d) 10 Digits	
93. Which one of the following	is not an operating system -
(a) Ubuntu	
(b) Windows	
(c) Linux	
(d) Word processor	
94. Full form of URL is?	
(a) Uniform Resource Locator	
(b) Uniform Resource Link	
(c) Uniform Registered Link	
(d) Unified Resource Link	
95. Which one works as an out	put and input device?
(a) Modern	
(b) Scanner	
(c) Mouse	
(d) Monitor	
	uch an Crime must get the most service
punishment.	uo u
(a) Unworthy	
(b) Injurious	
(c) Uncharitable	
(d) Abominable	lent to Surger to Tudge

- (a) Insult
- (b) Denial
- (c) Degradation
- (d) Resistance

# 98. Select the word which is most nearly opposite in meaning as the word "FORBID"

- (a) Forgive
- (b) Allow
- (c) Refuse
- (d) Deprive

## 99. I didn's.....T.V. last night.

- (a) Not watched
- (b) Watch
- (c) Watching
- (d) Watched

## 100. I think I've got a cold, I can't stop......

- (a) Sneeze
- (b) The sneezing
- (c) To sneeze
- (d) Sneezing

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