

MADHYA PRADESH JUDICIAL SERVICE**Preliminary Exam 2018 (Shift - I)**

1. Which of the following is not a Constitutional body?

- (a) Election
- (b) NITI Ayog
- (c) GST Council
- (d) Interstate Council

2. Under Indian Constitution, Fundamental duties enshrined under Article 51 A does not includes the duty-

- (a) To uphold and protect sovereignty
- (b) To defend the country when called to do so upon
- (c) To value and heritage of our composite culture
- (d) To protect monuments places and objects of national important

3. The right of vote in India is-

- (a) Fundamental right
- (b) Natural right
- (c) Constitutional right
- (d) Legal right

4. Which of the following is true and correct regarding Art 14 of the Constitution of India?

- (a) It forbids class legislation
- (b) Natural right
- (c) Constitutional right
- (d) Legal right

5. Which of the following Articles of the Constitution of India recognizes the "Doctrine of Double Jeopardy"?

- (a) Article 22(2)
- (b) Article 21 (2)
- (c) Article 20 (2)
- (d) None of these

6. Constitution of Panchayats is given in of Constitution of India

- (a) Article 243-B

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- (b) Article 243-0
- (c) Article 243-W
- (d) Article 243-A

7. Protection and improvement of environment and safeguarding forest and wild life is:

- (a) One of the Fundamental Duties
- (b) One of the Directive Principles of State Policy
- (c) Both Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duty
- (d) None of these

8. Which among the following is not a fundamental right according to Constitution of India-

- (a) Right to equality
- (b) Right to freedom of religion
- (c) Right to Constitutional remedies
- (d) Equal justice & free legal aid
- (A) (a), (b) & (c)
- (B) Only (a)
- (C) Only (d)
- (D) Only (b)

9. Which one of the following is not a Directive Principle of State Policy?

- (a) Organization of Village Panchayats
- (b) Uniform Civil Code for citizens and non-citizens
- (c) Right to work, to education and to public assistance in certain cases
- (d) Separation of Judiciary from executive

10. In preamble of the Constitution of India, the people of india into:-

- (a) Sovereign Democratic Republic
- (b) Sovereign socialist Democratic Republic
- (c) Sovereign Socialist Secular Democratic Republic
- (d) Sovereign Secular Democratic Republic

11. A decree for injunction if not obeyed

- (a) Is not executable
- (b) Is executable by detaining judgment debtor in civil prison or by attachment of his property

(c) is executable by filing a petition under order 39 Rule 2-A of the CPC

(d) Is executable by filing a fresh suit

12. A decree for restitution of conjugal right is executable

(a) By attachment of property or by detention in civil prison or by both

(b) By attachment of property

(c) By imprisonment

(d) By granting a decree for divorce

13. Which one of the following statement is incorrect regarding the compromise under Order 23 Rule 3 of Civil Procedure Code?

(a) Must be in writing and signed by the party

(b) Must be in writing and need to be lawful agreement

(c) It is required that subject matter of the compromise is the same as the subject matter of the suit

(d) A compromise which is voidable under the Indian Contract Act shall also voidable within the meaning of this rule

14. Where a suit is dismissed under Rule 8 of Order 9 of the Civil Procedure Code in respect of same cause of action the plaintiff

(a) Shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit

(b) May bring fresh suit subject to the law of limitation

(c) May not apply to set aside the dismissal

(d) May bring a fresh suit order

15. A decision or finding given by court without jurisdiction

(a) Can operate as res judicata under all circumstances

(b) Cannot operate as -resjudicata

(c) Can operate as res-judicata under certain circumstances only

(d) May operate as res judicate may not operate as res judicata

16. A suit for partition of properties situated in different cities

(a) Separate suits have to be filed in each of the cities where the properties are situated

(b) Can be instituted in a city where any property are situated

(c) Can be instituted in a city where majority of properties property of maximum value is situated

(d) Can be instituted where defendants or any of them resides

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17. Under section 148 of civil procedure code the court can enlarge the time not exceeding in total

- (a) 90 Days
- (b) 60 Days
- (c) 45 Days
- (d) 30 Days**

18. A suit may be defeated due to

- (a) Non joinder of proper party
- (b) Mis joinder of necessary party
- (c) Non joinder of necessary party
- (d) Mis joinder of proper party**

19. Suit against Government shall not be instituted until the expiration of

- (a) One month next after notice in writing has been delivered
- (b) Three month after notice in writing has been delivered
- (c) Two month after notice in writing has been delivered**
- (d) Six month after notice in writing has been delivered

20. Principle of res judicata does not apply

- (a) To writ of habeas corpus**
- (b) To interlocutory orders
- (c) To dismissal under Order 17 Rule 3
- (d) To exparte judgement

21. Which of the following is a right of civil nature

- (a) Right to share in offerings in a temple
- (b) Right to take out procession
- (c) Right to worship in a temple
- (d) All of these**

22. According to Order 20 Rule 7 of Civil Procedure Code, the decree shall bear the date of

- (a) The day on which the judgment was pronounced**
- (b) The day on which the decree was made
- (c) The day on which plaint was filed
- (d) They day on which final argument was heard

23. Where suit is abated or dismissed under Order 22 of Civil Procedure Code on the same cause of action

- (a) Fresh suit may be filed with prior permission of the court
- (b) Not fresh suit shall be brought
- (c) New suits may be filed if sufficient cause is shown
- (d) New suit may be instituted with the consent of parties

24. Civil Procedure Code the provision in respect of summary procedure has been laid down under

- (a) Order 32 A of CPC
- (b) Order 29 of CPC
- (c) Order 34 of CPC
- (d) Order 37 of CPC

25. Which provision (Order) of Civil Procedure Code deals with production impounding and return of documents?

- (a) Order 13 CPC
- (b) Order 5 CPC
- (c) Order 17 CPC
- (d) Order 24 CPC

26. Transfer of property act which one of the following statement is incorrect regarding transfer of immovable property by gift?

- (a) Instrument must be signed by or on behalf of the donor
- (b) Instrument must be signed by donor only
- (c) Instrument must be registered
- (d) Instrument must be attested by at least

27. The attestation of document means:

- (a) The attesting witness is aware of contents of the documents
- (b) The attesting witness seen the executants sign or affix mark
- (c) Received from the executants a personal acknowledgement of his signature
- (d) Both the attesting witness seen the executants a personal acknowledgement of his signature

28. Transfer of property does not include

- (a) Sale
- (b) Lease
- (c) Will

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(d) Gift

29. The gift of future property is

(a) Valid

(b) Voidable

(c) Void

(d) Conditionally void

30. Which of the following Section of the Transfer Property Act deals with effect of holding over a lease?

(a) Section 115

(b) Section 115A

(c) Section 116

(d) Section 114A

31. The doctrine of lis pendens is explained in famous case of

(a) Musahur Sahu v. Hakim Lal

(b) Muhammad Shafi v. Muhammad Sayed

(c) Tulk v. Moxhay

(d) Bellamy v. Sabine

32. Under Transfer of Property Act if the donee dies before acceptance of the gift?

(a) The gift is valid

(b) The gift is void

(c) The gift is voidable

(d) None of these

33. Which contract is specifically enforceable

(a) Contract by B to deliver a lecture of law of Jabalpur university

(b) Contract of marriage

(c) Contract by B with A to supply goods as of when A requires

(d) None of these

34. Inadequacy of consideration is relevant in determining the question of

(a) Fraud

(b) Misrepresentation

(c) Undue influence

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(d) Free consent

**35. If only a part of the consideration or object is unlawful the contract under-
Sec. 24 of the Indian contract shall be**

- (a) Valid to the extent the same are lawful
- (b) Valid to the extent same are unlawful

(c) Void as a whole

(d) Valid as a whole

**36. Two parties entered into contract they later realized that there was a
mistake in their understanding of law as applicable in India, this make their
contract**

- (a) Non est
- (b) Vold
- (c) Voidable

(d) Not voidable

**37. Frustration of contract is provided by which section of the Indian Contract
act?**

- (a) 70
- (b) 2(d)
- (c) 56
- (d) 73

38. Goods displayed in showcase of a shop with price tag is

- (a) Invitation to offer
- (b) Counter offer
- (c) Communication
- (d) None of these

**39. A enters into a contract with B to sell him 100 bales of cotton and
afterwards discovers that B was acting as agent for C for the price of the
cotton. A may sue**

- (a) Only against 'C'
- (b) Only against 'B'
- (c) Against B or C or both
- (d) Neither against B nor C

40. Under Indian contract Act, when does an agreement becomes a contract

- (a) It is enforceable by law

- (b) It is between parties competent to contract
- (c) It is by the free consent of parties

(d) All of these

41. Where in any suit for specific performance of contract or any part thereof is dismissed then suit for breach for compensation

(a) Is barred

- (b) Instituted with the permission of court
- (c) Can be brought
- (d) Permissible only in some circumstances

42. Consider following facts regarding effect of declaration made under Section 34 of Specific Relief Act

1. Declaration is binding on the parties to the suit and persons claiming through them respectively

2. Declaration binds all those persons who have knowledge of the suit and knowingly they do not become parties

(a) 1 is right

- (b) 2 is right
- (c) 1 & 2 Both are right
- (d) 1 & 2 are wrong

43. An injunction cannot be granted

- (a) To restrain any person from prosecuting a judicial proceedings pending at the institution of the suit in which injunction is sought unless such restraint is necessary to prevent a multiplicity of proceedings
- (b) To restrain any person from institution or prosecuting any proceeding in a court not subordinate to that from which the injunction is sought
- (c) To restrain any person from applying to any legislative body

(d) All of these

44. Plaintiff without having any title filed a suit for permanent injunction against dispossession based on long possession

(a) Because there is no title, plaintiff may be dispossessed

(b) Law respects possession. plaintiff cannot be dispossessed except in accordance with law

- (c) Suit is not maintainable
- (d) Suit is not maintainable only for the relief of permanent injunction

45. An injunction can be granted

- (a) To prevent on the ground of nuisance an act of which it is not reasonably clear that it will be a nuisance
- (b) To prevent a continuing breach in which the plaintiff the acquisce
- (c) To restrain the wrongfully sale of any property in dispute in a suit in execution of a decree
- (d) To prevent the breach of a contract the performance of which would not be specifically enforced

46. Under Specific Relief Act 1963 specific relief may be granted

- (a) For enforcing individual civil rights
- (b) For enforcing a penal law
- (c) For enforcing both civil law and a penal law
- (d) For enforcing public right

47. The period of limitation for a suit to compensation for a malicious prosecution is

- (a) 90 days
- (b) 6 months
- (c) 1 years
- (d) 3 years

48. Section 5 of the Limitation Act 1963 does not apply to

- (a) Suits
- (b) Execution petitions under Order 21 CPC
- (c) Petition for divorce under the Hindu Marriage Act 1956
- (d) All of these

49. The period of limitation for preferring an appeal from a decree passed by a court subordinate to the high court to a high court from the date of the decree is

- (a) 90 days
- (b) 60 days
- (c) 30 days
- (d) One year

50. Section 5 of limitation act 1963 applies to

- (a) Suits
- (b) Appeals
- (c) Executions

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(d) All these

51. Which one of the following option is correct regarding notice of increase of arrear of rent?

1. Notice must be given orally or in writing by landlord or on behalf of the landlord

2. Notice may be given to tenant personally or to one his adult member of family or to his servant

(a) 1 is wrong 2 is right

(b) 2 is right 1 is wrong

(c) 1 & 2 both are right

(d) 1 & 2 both are wrong

52. A revision against a final order passed by the rent controlling authority on an application submitted authority on an application submitted by a retired government servant for eviction of his tenant on the ground of bona fide requirements shall be to

(a) The high court

(b) The court of district Judge

(c) The civil court

(d) The commissioner

53. Member of the family do not includes?

(a) Spouse

(b) Unmarried daughter

(c) Unmarried sister

(d) Married daughter

54. After a notice of demand for arrears of rent has been served on tenant he should pay or tender the arrears of rent to save himself from eviction

(a) Within fifteen days

(b) Within one month.

(c) Within two months

(d) Within three months

55. Under which provisions of M.P. Accommodation Control Act 1961 penalties can be imposed on a land lord and tenant?

(a) Section 42

(b) Section 43

(c) Section 44

(d) Section 45

56. Who would decide the disputes regarding boundaries between villages survey number and plot numbers?

- (a) Collector
- (b) Sub divisional officer
- (c) Revenue inspector

(d) Tehsildar

57. Where a Bhumiswami has been dispossessed unauthorisedly he will make an application for restitution of possession under section 250 of M.P. Land Revenue Code before-

- (a) Tahsildar
- (b) Sub Divisional Officer
- (c) Collector
- (d) Revenue Inspector

58. An application by party interested will be make an application for restitution of possession under Section 250 of M.P. Land Revenue Code, before-

- (a) Under Section 124 of M.P Land Revenue Code 1959
- (b) Under Section 126 of M.P Land Revenue Code 1959
- (c) Under Section 127 of M.P Land Revenue Code 1959
- (d) Under Section 125 of M.P Land Revenue Code 1959

59. The offence under Section 250-B of the M.P. Land Revenue Code is-

- (a) Non-cognizable and bailable offence
- (b) Cognizable and non-bailable offence
- (c) Cognizable and bailable offence
- (d) Non-cognizable and non-bailable offence

60. Under M.P.L.R.C. 1959, which of the following matter is not in exclusive jurisdiction of revenue authorities?

- (a) Any claim to modify a decision determining abadi made by the settlement officer or collector
- (b) The amount of Land Revenue assessed or reassessed under this Code or any other enactment for the time being in force
- (c) Any claim against the State Government to have any entry made in any land records or to have any such entry omitted or amended.
- (d) Any dispute to which the State Government is not a party relating to any right which is recorded in the record rights

61. Extra judicial confession means a confession made?

- (a) Before judicial Magistrate in court
- (b) Before Doctor
- (c) Before Friend

(d) Both Doctor & Before Friend

62. If an accused voluntarily consents for brain mapping and narco-analysis. then such information is relevant under which section of Evidence Act?

- (a) Sec 7
- (b) Sec 17
- (c) Sec 27
- (d) Sec 30

63. Identification of a suspect by photo is-

- (a) Not admissible in evidence
- (b) Admissible in evidence
- (c) The suspect must be present
- (d) Both, not admissible in evidence and the suspect must be present

64. There is a charge upon 'A' committing murder at Kolkata on a certain day. He takes plea that on that on day he was at Mumbai. This statement of 'A' is relevant under which Section of the Evidence Act?

- (a) Section 8
- (b) Section 9
- (c) Section 11
- (d) Section 14

65. A dying declaration is relevant evidence under Section 32 of the Evidence Act notwithstanding it being hearsay evidence, because.

- (a) A statement by a person as to the cause of his death is treated in law as a solemn statement
- (b) If a person is dead and anything said by the person as to the cause of death is relevant since the dead person cannot be brought before the court to testify. necessity makes it inevitable to admit said statement
- (c) Because it is believed that a person would not meet his maker with lies in the mouth
- (d) Because society owes dead persons to give them justice

66. The burden of proof in case of plea of alibi is-

- (a) On the prosecution

(b) On the accused

(c) Investigation agency

(d) None of these

67. Defence of alibi is governed by-

(a) Section 9 of the Evidence

(b) Section 12 of the Evidence

(c) Section 11 of the Evidence

(d) Section 6 of the Evidence

68. A witness may while under examination refresh his memory by referring to any writing made by himself at the time of the transaction or soon afterwards. This provision is provided under-

(a) Section 160

(b) Section 158

(c) Section 166

(d) Section 159

69. In Evidence Act, the conditions in respect of computer output to be deemed and admissible in evidence as document is contained in-

(a) Section 65(B)(1)

(b) Section 65(B)(2)

(c) Section 65(B)(5)

(d) Section 65(B)(4)

70. Which of the following is not a competent Witness?

(a) Deaf

(b) Minor

(c) Mentally retarded

(d) Dumb

71. Under Section 45 of Evidence Act Opinion of expert witness is-

(a) A Conclusive

(b) not relevant

(c) Is not admissible

(d) Is not a conclusive proof

72. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 which one of the following is not essential condition for admissibility of dying declaration?

(a) The Statement as to any of the circumstances of the transaction which resulted in his death

(b) Person making statement must be under expectation of death at the time of making such statement

(c) Death of the making dying declaration is must

(d) The statement must be as to the cause of his death

73. Under Section 27 of the Evidence Act the Fact discovered' means.

(a) The object produced only

(b) The place from where the object is produced

(c) The knowledge of the accused as to the object and the place

(d) None of these

74. Under Indian Evidence Act, 1872 for raising presumption in respect of an electronic record that electronic signature on the record which purports to be that of any particular person was so affixed by him, the record shall be

(a) 3 years Old

(b) 6 years Old

(c) 5 years Old

(d) 10 years Old

75. Test identification parade conducted during investigation of a case is admissible in evidence under which of the Section of the Evidence Act?

(a) Section 6

(b) Section 7

(c) Section 8

(d) Section 9

76. Under Section 34 of Indian Penal Code-

(a) Physical presence is necessary

(b) Physical presence is necessary for participation but not in all cases

(c) Physical presence is not necessary

(d) Physical presence is necessary with common knowledge

77. Which one of the following option is incorrect?

(a) All Murders are culpable homicide but not vice versa

(b) All culpable homicide are murder

(c) An intention to kill is not always necessary to make out a case of murder

(d) Clause (c) of Section 299 is require knowledge of the probability of death

78. A lady wishing to get a railway ticket finding a crowd at ticket window at Station asked 'B' who was near window to get a ticket for her and handed him over money for same. 'B' took money and instead of getting ticket ran away with money. What offence has been committed by 'B'?

- (a) Offence of theft
- (b) Offence of criminal misappropriation
- (c) Offence of criminal breach of trust
- (d) Offence of cheating

79. A finds Rs. 2000/- note on public place. He has no idea as to whom the Rs. 2000/- note belongs. He picks up the note. A has committed.

- (a) Theft
- (b) Dishonest misappropriation of property
- (c) Attempt to theft
- (d) Has not committed any offence

80. Uttering obscene words near a public place-

- (a) Is not an offence
- (b) Is an offence under Section 294 IPC
- (c) Is an offence under Section 290 IPC
- (d) Is an offence under Section 292(2) (b) IPC

81. To convict a person for offence under sec. 306 I.P.C-

- (a) Ingredients of Sec. 107 LPC are to be proved
- (b) Ingredients of Sec. 107 LPC are not to be proved
- (c) Mere cruelty is sufficient
- (d) None of these

82. In which one of the following Sections of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 punishment for wrongful confinement is provided.

- (a) Sec 340 LPC
- (b) Sec 341 LPC
- (c) Sec 342 LPC
- (d) Sec 350 LPC

83. X intended to kill A but instead killed B whom he had to intention to kill under which doctrine is X liable for the murder of B

- (a) Doctrine of extended malice
- (b) Doctrine of means rea

(c) Doctrine of diminished responsibility.

(d) Doctrine of transfer of malice

84. Which Section of the Indian Penal Code deals with those conditions, when consent is said to be, not free consent?

(a) Section 90

(b) Section 92

(c) Section 89

(d) Section 87

85. For an offence of kidnapping from lawful guardianship the age of a girl must be

(a) Below 18 years

(b) Below 15 years

(c) Below 21 years

(d) Below 16 years

86. The right of private defence of the body

(a) Commences as soon as reasonable apprehension of danger to the body arises from an attempt or threat to commit the offence and it continues even after that apprehension ceases

(b) Commences only when the assault is actually done and continues during the period of assault

(c) Commences only when the assault is actually done and continues

(d) Commences as soon as reasonable apprehension of danger to the body arises from an attempt or threat to commit the offence and it continues as long as such apprehension of the danger to the body continues

87. Which one of the following statements is correct?

(a) abettor's liability is dependent on the liability of the principal offender

(b) if the abettor is innocent the principal offender is also not liable

(c) abettor and principal offender may be differently liable for different offences

(d) the principal offender must have the same guilty mind as that of the abettor

88. Under Indian Penal Code which of the following amounts to defamation

(a) To convey a caution intended for good of person to whom conveyed or for public good

(b) To make an imputation concerning a company or an association or collection of persons as such

(c) Censure passed in good faith by person having lawful authority over others

(d) Publication of reports of proceedings of court

89. Whoever kidnaps or abducts any child with intention of taking dishonestly any movable property from the person of such child shall be punished under Section 369 of I.P.C. If the child is under?

(a) Ten years

(b) Twelve years

(c) Fourteen years

(d) Sixteen years

90. According to Indian Penal Code, any man who monitors the use by a woman of the internet, email or any other form of electronic communication commits the offence of

(a) Voyeurism

(b) Stalking

(c) Watching

(d) Searching

91. Under what Section of Criminal Procedure Code a Magistrate may direct local investigation?

(a) Section 133

(b) Section 145

(c) Section 147

(d) Section 139

92. How much punishment may be awarded an accused who is found guilty to under a summary trial?

(a) Not exceeding three months

(b) Not exceeding six months

(c) Not exceeding one year

(d) Not exceeding two years

93. A confessional statement u/s 164 of Criminal Procedure Code can be recorded?

Ans. (Deleted)

94. In M.P offence under section 363 IPC is triable by which Court?

(a) Judicial Magistrate

(b) Chief Judicial Magistrate

(c) Courts of Session

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(d) Chief Metropolitan Magistrate

95. If a offence under Section 376 IPC is committed the information shall be recorded by woman police officer under section?

(a) 154 Cr.PC

(b) 155 Cr.PC

(c) 156 Cr.PC

(d) 157 Cr.PC

96. The Magistrate of first class may pass a sentence-

(a) Imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or fine not exceeding (Five thousand rupees) or both

(b) Imprisonment for a term not exceeding one years or fine not exceeding (Five thousand rupees) or both

(c) Imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or fine not exceeding (Ten thousand rupees) or both

(d) Imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years or fine or both

97. Imprisonment in default of payment of fine can be awarded-

(a) To run concurrently with substantive sentence imposed

(b) In addition the substantive sentence imposed

(c) Court can condone it

(d) None of these

98. Procedure of Arrest and Duties of officer making Arrest is provided in Section..... of Criminal Procedure Code.

(a) 41-B

(b) 41-A

(c) 41-D

(d) 41-C

99. Court may alter Charge-

(a) Only before evidence of prosecution

(b) Only Appellate Court may alter charge

(c) Charge cannot be altered

(d) At any time Judgment is pronounced

100. Executive Magistrate may require security for good behavior from habitual offender under section of Criminal Procedure Code

(a) 109

(b) 110

(c) 106

(d) 108

101. Magistrate may take cognizance of an offence on complaint if in his opinion.

(a) There is sufficient ground for conviction

(b) There is prima facie no probable defence of accused

(c) Accused is not innocent

(d) There is sufficient ground for proceeding

102. Victim is defined in Section.....of Criminal Procedure Code

(a) 2(wa)

(b) 2(u)

(c) 2(d)

(d) 2(v)

103. Under proviso to Section 372 Criminal Procedure Code, victim have no right to prefer an appeal against any order passed by the court-

(a) Acquitting the accused

(b) Convicting for a lesser offence

(c) Imposing inadequate compensation

(d) Imposing inadequate sentence

104. Under Criminal Procedure Code, the period of limitation for taking cognizance of any offence shall be three years-

(a) If the offence is punishment with imprisonment for a term exceeding one year but not exceeding three years

(b) If the offence is punishment with imprisonment for a term exceeding three year but not exceeding Seven years

(c) If the offence is punishment with imprisonment for a term exceeding one year but not exceeding ten years

(d) If the offence is punishment with imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years

105. When the person who would otherwise be competent to compound an offence under Section 320 of Criminal Procedure Code is dead then-

(a) Legal representative of such person as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 can compound the offence with the permission of the Court

(b) Offence eye witness can be compounded by any alive

(c) Offence cannot be compounded after of person

(d) Legal representative of such person as defined in the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 can compound the offence with the consent of the Court

106. Which of the following section of Negotiable Instrument Act is related with presumption?

(a) Section 119

(b) Section 137

(c) Section 139

(d) All of these

107. Whether a minor may draw, indorse deliver and negotiate any instrument?

(a) Only when he can understand the consequence of it.

(b) Only when it is beneficial for him

(c) Only when it is made with mutual consent of both parties

(d) Yes, he may do so as to bind all parties except himself

108. When the cause of action accrue, if the cheque issued by the drawer is dishonor?

(a) On the date receipt of information by bank regarding the return of cheque as inpaid

(b) On the date when notice is issued by payee to the drawer

(c) On the date drawer of cheque fails to make the payment of cheque amount to payee within 15 days from the receipt of demand notice

(d) None of these

109. Supreme Court has laid down certain direction to criminal courts for speedy and expeditious disposal of cases falling under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 in the case of-

(a) Indian Bank Association & Ors v. Union of India

(b) Rangappa v. Mohan

(c) Associated cement company limited v. Keshwanand

(d) K. Bhaskaran v. S.V. Balan

110. In a recent case Supreme Court has held that where the cheque amount, with interest and cost as assessed by the Court is paid by a specified date, the Court is entitled to close the proceedings in exercise of its powers under Section 143 of the N.I. Act read with Section 258 Cr.P.C. That case is

(a) M/s Meters and Instruments Pvt. Ltd & anr. v. Kanchan Mehta

(b) K.M. Ibrahim K.P Mohammad and other.

- (c) Damodar S.Prabhu v. Sayed Babalal H.
- (d) M.P State Legal Service Authority v Prateek Jain

111. An artificial satellite stays in the orbit around the earth because-

- (a) The earth's gravity does not attract the satellite due to great distance
- (b) The earth's attraction produces the necessary centripetal force
- (c) The earth's attraction is balanced by the attraction of other planets
- (d) Engine in the satellite constantly applies an upward force to balance its weight

112. Venus is considered as "Earth Twin" because:

- (a) Its period of revolution is same as that of earth
- (b) It has abundant amount of water
- (c) It has approximately same size, mass and density as that of earth
- (d) It completes one rotation on its axis in 24 hours

113. Which among the following city of Madhya Pradesh is not included in the Smart City Project?

- (a) Sagar
- (b) Santa
- (c) Ujjain
- (d) Rewa

114. Laxmibai National Institute of Physical Education is situated in-

- (a) Narsinghpur
- (b) Bhopal
- (c) Gwalior
- (d) Indore

115. AB Blood group is also known as Universal Acceptor group because

- (a) It consists both Antibodies
- (b) In consists neither antigen nor Antibody
- (c) It does not consists both Antigen
- (d) It does not consists Both Antibodies

116. Bhopal Gas Tragedy occurred on-

- (a) 3rd Dec 1974
- (b) 3 Dec 1984
- (c) 3 Dec 1982

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(d) 3 Dec 1986

117. Pangong Tso (Lake) is situated in which state?

(a) Arunachal Pradesh

(b) Himachal Pradesh

(c) Jammu & Kashmir

(d) Sikkim

118. Davis Cup is related to which sport?

(a) Hockey

(b) Tennis

(c) Football

(d) Cricket

119. How many times Late Atal Bihari Vajpayee was Prime Minister of India?

(a) 2

(b) 3

(c) 1

(d) 4

120. Who can runner up of FIFA world cup

(a) France

(b) Belgium

(c) Croatia

(d) England

121. If you want to see crocodiles in their natural habitat then in which one place is best to visit?

(a) Pulicat lake

(b) Chambal river

(c) Deeper beel

(d) Betwa river

122. In which district of Madhya Pradesh PATALKOT is located?

(a) Hoshangabad

(b) Chhidwara

(c) Narsingpur

(d) Betul

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123. Which country is not a permanent member of United Nations Security council?

- (a) U.S.A
- (b) Russia
- (c) Germany
- (d) France

124. Which of the following countries is not in the continent of Asia?

- (a) Indonesia
- (b) Japan
- (c) Malaysia
- (d) Libya

125. Who has become the oldest Indian woman to complete an Ironman Triathlon?

- (a) Anu Vaidyanathan
- (b) Deepa Malik
- (c) Heena Sidhu
- (d) Anju Khosla

126. In March 1939. Indian National Congress met at annual session at "Tripuri" near.....

- (a) Aizwal
- (b) Kohima
- (c) Kolkata
- (d) Jabalpur

127. "Kalidas Award" of M.P. Govt is not awarded in the field of-

- (a) Classical Dance
- (b) Theatre and Visual art
- (c) Literature
- (d) Classical Music

128. Who has been the first person who delivered his speech in Hindi in U.N.O?

- (a) Lal Bahadur Shastri
- (b) Atal Bihari Bajpayee
- (c) Vijay Laxmi Pandit
- (d) Swami Vivekananda

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129. Who constructed the Sanchi Stupa?

- (a) Gautam Buddha
- (b) Mahavira
- (c) Ashoka
- (d) Chandragupta

130. Who was/were awarded the Bharat Ratna 2015?

- (a) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
- (b) Madan Mohan Malviya
- (c) Madan Mohan Malviya and Atal Bihari Vajpayee
- (d) None of these

131. Which of the following is not an operating system

- (a) UNIX
- (b) LINUX
- (c) JAVA
- (d) MS-DOS

132. One Petabyte is equal

- (a) 1024 Terabyte
- (b) 1024 Gigabyte
- (c) 1024 Zetabyte
- (d) 1024 Yottabyte

133. Which of the following devices cannot be shared on a computer network?

- (a) Hard Drive
- (b) Keyboard
- (c) CD Drive
- (d) Printer

134. In Computer and digital technology 1GB is

- (a) 1024 MB
- (b) 1024 KB
- (c) 1024TB
- (d) 1024B

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135. Which of the following methods cannot be used for Data Transfer between two computers?

- (a) Hi-Fi
- (b) Wi-Fi
- (c) Lan Cable
- (d) Memory Stick

136. TFT Stands for?

- (a) Thin Film Transistor
- (b) Tele-Fail-Thin
- (c) Tube Full Thin
- (d) Tax Full Total

137. What is called the procedure for transfer of system file to Memory RAM in Computer?

- (a) Processing
- (b) Formatting
- (c) None of these
- (d) Booting

138. Which is not a secondary storage device?

- (a) CD
- (b) RAM
- (c) DVD-ROM
- (d) Floppy

139. Full form of URL is-

- (a) Uniform resource Locator
- (b) Uniform resource Link
- (c) Uniform registered link
- (d) Uniform resource Lab

140. IC Chips used in computers are made of-

- (a) Silicon
- (b) Chromium
- (c) Lead
- (d) Silver

141. I shall Go and....Down

- (a) Lied

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- (b) Lie
- (c) Lay
- (d) Layed

142. Chooses the word opposite in meaning to "CORDIAL"

- (a) Fast
- (b) Heartfelt
- (c) Friendly
- (d) Hostile

143. Microscopes make small things appear larger than.....

- (a) Really are
- (b) Are really
- (c) Are they really
- (d) They really are

144. Find the correct spelt word?

- (a) Assasination
- (b) Assinashion
- (c) Assacination
- (d) Assassination

145. Fill in the blank with correct proposition -I have sympathy.....this man

- (a) To
- (b) For
- (c) From
- (d) With

146. Word.....expresses the opposite meaning of "SUSCEPTIBLE"

- (a) Incredible
- (b) Immune
- (c) Predictable
- (d) Unpredictable

147. Allowance due to a wife from husband on separation.

- (a) Patrimony
- (b) Antimony
- (c) Parsimony

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(d) Alimony

148. Find out the correct Antonym for the word 'Veracity'

(a) Falsehood

(b) Heinous

(c) Ruined

(d) Composed

149. The cover enemy crept..... of darkness, the

(a) In, over

(b) In, along

(c) Under, up

(d) Though, upon

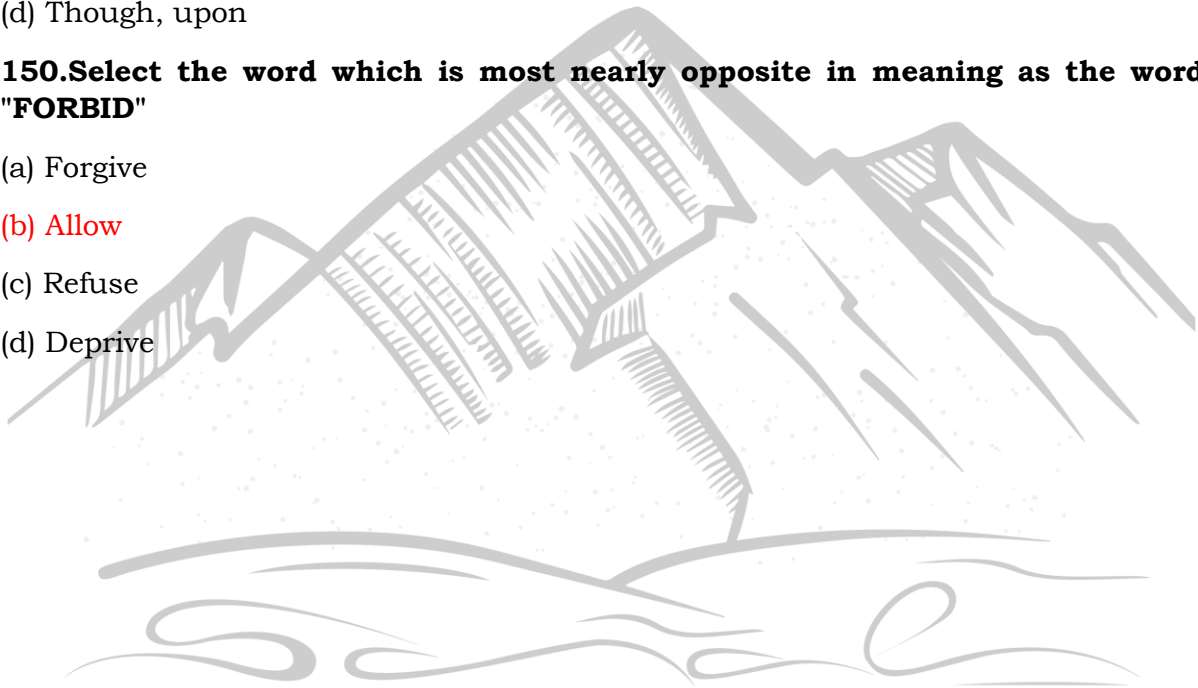
150. Select the word which is most nearly opposite in meaning as the word "FORBID"

(a) Forgive

(b) Allow

(c) Refuse

(d) Deprive



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